REPORT TO: POLICY & RESOURCES COMMITTEE - 24 AUGUST 2015

REPORT ON: REVENUE MONITORING 2015/2016

REPORT BY: EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF CORPORATE SERVICES

REPORT NO: 273-2015

1 PURPOSE OF REPORT

1.1 To provide Elected Members with an analysis of the 2015/2016 projected revenue outturn as at 30 June 2015 monitored against the adjusted 2015/2016 Revenue Budget.

2 RECOMMENDATIONS

- 2.1 It is recommended that Elected Members:
 - a note that the overall General Fund 2015/2016 projected revenue outturn as at 30 June 2015 is projecting a breakeven position against the adjusted 2015/2016 Revenue Budget.
 - b note that the Housing Revenue Account as at 30 June 2015 is projecting a breakeven position against the adjusted HRA 2015/2016 Revenue Budget.
 - agree that the Executive Director of Corporate Services will take every reasonable action to ensure that the 2015/2016 Revenue expenditure is below or in line with the adjusted Revenue Budget.
 - d instruct the Executive Director of Corporate Services in conjunction with all members of the Council Management Team to continue to monitor the Council's 2015/2016 projected revenue outturn.

3 FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS (see Appendix A)

- 3.1 The overall projected 2015/2016 General Fund Revenue outturn position for the City Council is currently projecting a breakeven position based on the financial information available at 30 June 2015. A system of perpetual detailed monitoring will continue to take place up to 31 March 2016 with the objective of the Council achieving a final outturn which is below or in line with the adjusted 2015/2016 Revenue Budget.
- 3.2 The Housing Revenue Account outturn position for 2015/2016 is currently projecting a breakeven position based on the financial information available for the period to 30 June 2015. A system of perpetual detailed monitoring will continue to take place up to 31 March 2016 with the objective of the HRA achieving a final outturn which is below or in line with the adjusted 2015/2016 HRA Revenue Budget.

4 BACKGROUND

4.1 Following approval of the Council's 2015/2016 Revenue Budget by the Special Policy and Resources Committee on 12 February 2015 this report is now submitted in order to monitor the 2015/2016 projected revenue outturn position as at 30 June 2015, against the adjusted 2015/2016 Revenue Budget.

4.2 This report provides a detailed breakdown of departmental revenue monitoring information along with explanations of material variances against adjusted budgets. Where departments are projecting a significant under or overspend against adjusted budget, additional details have been provided. Where departmental expenditure is on target and no material variances are anticipated, additional information has not been provided.

5 RISK ASSESSMENT

- 5.1 In preparing the Council's 2015/2016 Revenue Budget, the Executive Director of Corporate Services considered the key strategic, operational and financial risks faced by the Council over this period (Article III of the minute of the meeting of the Special Policy & Resources Committee on 12 February 2015, Report No: 68-2015 refers). In order to alleviate the impact these risks may have should they occur, a number of general risk mitigation factors are utilised by the Council. These include the:
 - system of perpetual detailed monthly budget monitoring carried out by departments
 - general contingency provision set aside to meet any unforeseen expenditure
 - level of general fund balances available to meet any unforeseen expenditure
 - level of other cash backed reserves available to meet any unforeseen expenditure
 - possibility of identifying further budget savings and efficiencies during the year, if required.
- 5.2 The key risks in 2015/2016 have now been assessed both in terms of the probability of whether they will occur and the severity of their impact on the Council should they indeed happen. These risks have been ranked as either zero, low, medium or high. Details of this risk assessment, together with other relevant information including any proposed actions taken by the Council to mitigate these risks, are included in Appendix D to this report.

6 GENERAL FUND SERVICES - MONITORING POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2015

6.1 The forecast position as at 30 June 2015 for General Fund services is summarised below:

	<u>Adjusted</u> <u>Budget</u> <u>2015/16</u> <u>£000</u>	Forecast 2015/16 £000	Variance £000
Total Expenditure	343,329	343,329	_
Total Income	(343,329)	(343,329)	
Forecast Position			_

The forecast position as at 30 June 2015 is shown in more detail in the appendices to this report, as follows:

Appendix A shows the variances between budget and projected outturn for each department/service of the Council.

Appendix B provides detailed explanations for the variances against budget that are shown in Appendix A.

Appendix C lists the budget adjustments that have been undertaken to date.

Appendix D lists the key strategic, operational and financial risks being faced by the Council. These risks have been assessed and ranked accordingly both in terms of the probability of whether they will occur and the severity of their impact on the Council should they indeed happen. Any changes to the assessment from the previous reporting period, together with any additional comments included, are highlighted in bold type.

6.2 The following paragraphs summarise the <u>main</u> areas of variance by department along with appropriate explanations. It should be emphasised that this report identifies projections based on the first three months of the financial year to 30 June 2015. The figures are therefore indicative at this stage and are used by the Chief Executive, Executive Director of Corporate Services and members of the Council Management Team to identify variances against budget and enable corrective action to be taken as appropriate.

Departmental Commentary

6.3 Education (£nil)

Within Special Schools, the department are projecting an overspend in transport costs due to an increase in the number of children requiring support. It is anticipated that this will be offset within Secondary Schools, where there is projected slippage due to vacant support staff posts which have recently been advertised.

6.4 Social Work (£nil)

Within Children and Families, the department are projecting an overspend in third party payments due to an increase in the number of residential and secure care placements that are currently being made although they are anticipating this will be offset within Adult Services, where payments to third sector bodies are expected to be lower than budgeted following delays in implementing various new service developments.

6.5 <u>City Development (£nil)</u>

The department forecast a shortfall in external rental income due to the number of commercial properties they anticipate will remain vacant during the year although this is expected to be offset by savings in staff costs due to the level of slippage across the department and additional income from building warrants and planning applications due to the current level of demand for these activities.

7 HOUSING REVENUE ACCOUNT - MONITORING POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2015

7.1 The forecast position as at 30 June 2015 for the HRA is summarised below:

	Adjusted <u>Budget</u> 2015/16 £000	Forecast 2015/16 £000	Variance £000
Total Expenditure Total Income	55,117 (55,117)	55,061 (55,061)	(56) <u>56</u>
Forecast Position	<u> </u>		

- 7.2 The department are anticipating a shortfall in rental income receivable due to an increase in Council house sales. This adverse variance is projected to be offset by savings elsewhere due to a reduction in general administration costs (please refer to Appendix B for further details).
- 7.3 The overall impact is a breakeven position against the adjusted HRA 2015/2016 Revenue Budget. A system of perpetual detailed monitoring will continue to take place up to 31 March 2016 with the objective of the HRA achieving a final outturn which is below or in line with the adjusted 2015/2016 HRA Revenue Budget.

8 POLICY IMPLICATIONS

This report has been screened for any policy implications in respect of sustainability, strategic environmental assessment, anti-poverty, equality impact assessment and risk management. Details of the risk assessment are included in Appendix D to this report.

There are no major issues.

9 **CONSULTATIONS**

The Chief Executive, Head of Democratic and Legal Services and all other members of the Council Management Team have been consulted in the calculation of projected outturns included in this report, insofar as they apply to their own individual department.

10 BACKGROUND PAPERS

None.

MARJORY M STEWART
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF CORPORATE SERVICES

13 AUGUST 2015

DUNDEE CITY COUNCIL

2015/2016 REVENUE OUTTURN MONITORING
PERIOD 1 APRIL 2015 - 30 JUNE 2015
Statement analysing 2015/2016 Projected Revenue Outturn to Budget (Capital Charges, Central Support, Corporate Business Support, Central Buildings & Corporate Property Recharges have been excluded from Departments as these costs are outwith their control).

	Approved Budget £000	Budget Adjustments 01 Apr to 30 June	Adjusted Budget £000	Forecast £000	Worse Than Budget £000	Better Than Budget £000	Net Variance (see Appx B)	Notes	Previous Months Projected Variance	Movement since Previous Month £000
General Fund Departments Social Work City Development Environment Education Chief Executive Corporate Services Other Housing Supporting People	98,449 21,279 16,602 119,526 18,044 22,082 2,319 11,534	951 178 210 1,582 29 513	99,400 21,457 16,812 121,108 18,073 22,595 2,319 11,634	99,400 21,457 16,812 121,108 18,073 22,595 2,319 11,634				% E - 3.%		
Scottish Welfare Fund Miscellaneous Income	311,448	3,654	315,102	315,102	0	0	0		0	0
Capital Financing Costs / Interest on Revenue Bafances Contingencies: - General - Energy Costs - Other Cost Pressures - Unallocated Corporate Savings: CFTF - Admin / Clerical Review VER / VR Scheme (Corporate Services)	26,682 650 200 428 (438) (150)		26,682 650 200 428 (438) (150)	26,682 650 200 428 (150)						
- Self Directed Support - Children & Young People Bill Discretionary NDR Relief Supplementary Superannuation Costs Tayside Valuation Joint Board Total Expenditure	108 427 147 2,410 949 339,675	3,654	2,410 949 343,329	2,410 949 343,329	0	0	0		0	0
Sources of Income General Revenue Funding Contribution from NNDR Pool Council Tax Use of Balances - Committed Balances of	(231,508) (62,479) (45,688)	(619)	(232,127) (62,479) (45,688) (3,035) 0	(232,127) (62,479) (45,688) (3,035)						
(Surplus)/Deficit for the year Housing Revenue Account	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	4	0	0

REASONS FOR 2015/2016 CONTROLLABLE PROJECTED REVENUE OUTTURN VARIANCES (Excludes Capital Charges, Central Support Services & Office Recharges) AT 30 JUNE 2015

<u>As at</u> <u>31 May</u> Reason / Basis of Over/(Under)spend £000	n/a Reflects projected slippage due to vacant support staff posts which have recently been advertised.	n/a Projected overspend due to an increase in the number of children requiring support.	n/a Reflects the increase in number of residential and secure care placements currently being made.	n/a Reflects projected delays in fully implementing various new service developments for which budgetary provision has been made.	n/a Reflects the overall level of net staff slippage projected due to a number of unfilled posts across the department (excluding figures for Architects and Engineers that are stated separately	below). n/a Reflects projected shortfall in external rental income due to the number of properties that are currently vacant.	n/a Reflects projected increase in chargeable income from building warrants and planning applications due to the current demand for these activities.	n/a Reflects reduction in projected spend due to lower staffing costs and a general reduction in discretionary expenditure.	n/a Reflects reduced rental income compared to budget due to an increase in Council house sales.
As at 30 Jun 31 2000 E	(20)	70	200	(200)	(150)	300	(125)	(99)	56
		ort	Third Party Payments	Third Party Payments		a			
Subjective Analysis	Staff	Transport	Third	Third F	Staff	Income	Income		
As at 31 May Cost Centre £000	n/a Secondary Schools	Special Schools	n/a Children & Families	Adults	n/a Departmental	Property	Planning	n/a Administration	Rent of Houses
30 Jun 2000	ž		Ē		Ē			Z	
Note	-		7		ო			4	
Department	Education		Social Work		City Development			Housing Revenue Account	

Appendix C

General Fund Departments	Alloc From Conts £000	2014/15 Under spends b/fwd £000	Funding T/Fs £000	Alloc from R&R Fund £000	Alloc from Other Bals	T/Fs Between Depts £000	Dept Totals £000
Education							
1. DSM Balances		967					
2. 1 + 2 Language Policy		155	85				
Early Years Change Fund Additional Support for National Qualifications		4	25				
5. T/F Staff Costs for Admin staff in Secondary Scho	ols					346	
						1	1,582
Carial Mark						1	1,002
Social Work 1. Community Equipment Service		49					
2. Family Support Service		74					
Older People's Change Fund		640 120					
4. Early Years Change Fund		49					
5. Choose Life 6. Dundee Wornen's Aid		14					
7. Looked After Children		5					
							951
City Dayslanment							
City Development 1. Youth Employment Strategy		178					
,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							178
							170
Environment 1. Residual Waste Project		210					
1. Residual Waste Project							
							210
Chief Executive		5					
Hands up for Trad (Scottish Traditional Music) Community Asset Transfer post		24					
Z. Community Asset Transfer poor							
							29
Corporate Services		20)				
External Audit Elections full canvas		40					
Corporate Debt / Welfare Reform (staff costs)		85					
4. Discretionary Housing Payments		182					
5. Welfare Reform		23	509				
Discretionary Housing Payments T/F Staff Costs for Admin staff in Secondary Sch	ools		000			(346)	
7. In dail obtains and a							513
							513
Other Housing							
							0
Scottish Welfare Fund		99	1				
Admin Grant Crisis and Community Care Grants		92					
2. Offsis and dominantly during the states							401
							191
General Contingency							
							0
Capital Financing Costs / IORB							
							0
		0 2.02	5 619	9 0		0 0	3,654
Total Adjustments (General Fund)		0 3,03	J 018				

	Assessment		
Risks - Revenue	Original	Revised	Risk Management / Comment
General Inflation General price inflation may be greater than anticipated.	Med	Med	Corporate Procurement strategy in place, including access to nationally tendered contracts for goods and services. In addition, fixed price contracts agreed for major commodities i.e. gas and electricity.
Equal Pay Claims A provision may be required for the cost of equal pay claims.	Low	Low	Relatively few cases being taken through the Employment Tribunal process.
Capital Financing Costs Level of interest rates paid will be greater than anticipated.	Low/ Med	Low/ Med	Treasury Mgmt Strategy. Limited exposure to variable rate funding.
Savings Failure to achieve agreed level of savings & efficiencies.	Low/ Med	Low/ Med	General risk mitigation factors (ref para 5.1), in particular, regular monitoring by departments to ensure savings targets are met.
Emerging Cost Pressures The possibility of new cost pressures or responsibilities emerging during the course of the financial year.		Low/ Med	General risk mitigation factors (ref para 5.1), in particular, regular monitoring by departments to ensure cost pressures are identified early and corrective action can be taken as necessary.
Chargeable income The uncertainty that the level of chargeable income budgeted will be received.	Med/ High	Med/ High	General risk mitigation factors (ref para 5.1), in particular, regular monitoring by departments to ensure any shortfalls are identified as early as possible and corrective action can be taken as necessary.
Council Tax Collection Provision for non-collection of Council Tax (3.2%) may not be adequate.	Low	Low	Provision set takes cognisance of amounts collected for previous financial years. Non-payers subject to established income recovery procedures.
Welfare Reform The changes introduced as part of the welfare reform exercise may increase the risk that budgeted income collection levels are not achieved and that current non-collection provision levels are inadequate.	Low/ Med	Low/ Med	General risk mitigation factors (ref para 5.1), in particular, regular monitoring by departments to ensure any shortfalls are identified as early as possible and corrective action can be taken as necessary. Budget also introduced for discretionary housing payments to assist those affected by these changes.