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REPORT TO: DUNDEE CITY COUNCIL COMMUNITY SAFETY AND PUBLIC PROTECTION COMMITTEE

REPORT NUMBER – 65-2021

22 February 2021

Report by Area Commander Gordon Pryde, Local Senior Officer, Scottish Fire and Rescue Service

SUBJECT: FIRE AND RESCUE QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE REPORT 1st October TO 31st December 2020

Abstract

The Report contains performance information relating to the second quarter (October - December) of 2020-2021 on the performance of the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service in support of Member scrutiny of local service delivery.

1 PURPOSE OF THE REPORT

To provide information for the Committee regarding the performance of the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service against the priorities, outcomes and performance measures detailed within the Local Fire and Rescue Plan for Dundee 2020–2023, to facilitate local scrutiny.

2 **RECOMMENDATIONS**

It is recommended that members:

Note, scrutinise and question the content of this report.

3 FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

None.

4 BACKGROUND

- 4.1 The Local Fire and Rescue Plan for Dundee 2020-2023 was approved by the Community Safety and Public Protection Committee on 16 November 2020. In support of delivering the priorities in this plan, twelve headline indicators are utilised as performance measures and form the basis of quarterly monitoring reports.
- 4.2 The priorities and outcomes contained within the Local Fire and Rescue Plan reflect 'place' and the contribution of the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service to the City Plan for Dundee 2017-2026.

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- 4.3 In summary the following priorities are detailed within the plan:
 - Priority 1 Improving Fire Safety in the Home
 - Priority 2 Improving Fire Safety and Resilience in the Business Community
 - Priority 3 Minimising the Impact of Unintentional Harm
 - Priority 4 Reducing Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals
 - Priority 5 Reducing Deliberate Fires
 - Priority 6 Effective Risk Management and Operational Preparedness
- 4.4 Appendix 1 attached to this report provides a detailed breakdown and analysis of all data collected during the reporting period. In addition, further sections are included to provide Members with an overview of a range of community safety engagement events and partnership working. Furthermore, it highlights any notable incidents and events.

5 EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT

5.1 Not applicable.

6 ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

6.1 There are no environmental issues arising as a consequence of this report.

7 SUMMARY

7.1 The attached report updates members regarding significant community safety engagement activities and gives context to the performance of the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service in the Dundee area against headline indicators and performance measures.

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QUARTERLY MONITORING REPORT

Covering the activities and performance in support of the Local Fire and Rescue Plan for Dundee 2020-2023



Quarter Three: 2020-21

Working together for a safer Scotland



ABOUT THE STATISTICS IN THIS REPORT

The activity totals and other statistics quoted in this report are provisional in nature and subject to change as a result of ongoing quality assurance and review.

Because all statistics quoted are provisional there may be differences in the period totals quoted in our reports after original publication which result from revisions or additions to the data on our systems.

From 2015-16 onwards responsibility for the publication of end-year statistical data transferred from the Scottish Government to the SFRS. This change of responsibility does not change the status of the figures quoted in this and other SFRS reports reported to the Committee.

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INTRODUCTION

This is the Quarter Three (Q3) monitoring report for 2020-21, covering the SFRS's performance and activities in support of the six priorities in the Local Fire and Rescue Plan for Dundee 2020-2023, namely:

- Priority 1 Improving Fire Safety in the Home
- Priority 2 Improving Fire Safety and Resilience in the Business Community
- Priority 3 Minimising the Impact of Unintentional Harm
- Priority 4 Reducing Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals
- Priority 5 Reducing Deliberate Fires
- Priority 6 Effective risk management and operational preparedness

As well as supporting the six priorities in the Local Fire and Rescue Plan for Dundee, this monitoring report shows how SFRS activities and performance contribute to the wider priorities of the Dundee Partnership as set out in the City Plan for Dundee 2017-2026.

The figures in this report are provisional, to provide the Committee with the SFRS's direction of travel in the Dundee area, in terms of performance against headline indicators and targets. Most figures will not change; however, members should note that there may be some small variations for some indicators when the final confirmed figures are published by the SFRS.

The Community Safety and Public Protection Committee agreed the new Local Fire and Rescue Plan for Dundee 2020-2023 on 16 November 2020. In support of delivering the priorities in this plan, 12 headline indicators and targets have been set and form the basis of this quarterly monitoring report.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

The table below provides a summary of 2020-21 Q3 activity and year to date (YTD) performance against headline indicators and annual targets. It aims to provide at a glance, our direction of travel during the current reporting year.

HI 1	HI 2	HI 3
Accident Dwelling Fires	ADF Fatal Casualties	ADF Non-Fatal Casualties
Q3 – 40 Incidents	Q3 – 0	Q3 – 2
YTD – 142 Incidents	YTD – 2	YTD – 13
Annual Target – below 177	Annual Target – 0	Annual Target – below 30
HI 4	HI 5	HI 6
Non-Domestic Building Fires	Fatal Casualties in Non-Domestic	Non-Fatal Casualties in Non-
	Building Fires	Domestic Building Fires
Q3 – 9 Incidents	Q3 - 0	Q3 - 0
YTD – 32 incidents	YTD - 0	ΥΤD – 0
Annual Target – below 37	Annual Target – 0	Annual Target – 1
HI 7	HI 8	HI 9
Road Traffic Collision (RTC) Incidents	Fatal RTC Casualties	Non-Fatal RTC Casualties
Q3 – 10 Incidents	Q3 – 1	Q3 - 3
YTD – 25 Incidents	YTD – 1	YTD – 7
Annual Target – below 42	Annual Target – 0	Annual Target – below 19
HI 10	HI 11	HI 12
Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals	Deliberate Primary Fires	Deliberate Secondary Fires
Fire alarm		
Q3 – 286 Incidents	Q3 – 14 Incidents	Q3 – 163 Incidents
YTD – 703 Incidents	YTD – 57 Incidents	YTD – 399 Incidents
Annual Target – below 1175	Annual Target – below 63	Annual Target – below 527

Year-to-Date Legend

Below headline target
Less than 10% above headline target
More than 10% above headline target

PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

Of the 12 headline indicators and targets, the following performance should be noted for Q3 2020/21:

- The number of Accidental Dwelling Fire's (ADF's) continues to reduce over the longerterm. Performance during Q3 is 13% lower than the previous quarter, however is 4% higher than the same quarter last year. YTD figure is meeting the current target however.
- There were no ADF Fatal Casualties encountered during this quarter, however 2 fire deaths during Q1 & Q2 earlier this year has exceeded our zero target, and therefore remains red. The number of ADF Non-Fatal Casualties continues to reduce over the longer term, and performance during Q3 is down 77% from the same quarter last year. YTD figure is therefore currently below the annual target.
- The number of Non-Domestic Building Fires for this quarter has remained the same compared the same period last year. Although incidents of this type are down slightly on the previous quarter, the headline target is currently showing red for the year.
- There were zero Fatal Fire Casualties in Non-Domestic Buildings and, zero Non-Fatal Fire Casualties in Non-Domestic Buildings also encountered during this quarter. The overall figures highlight an encouraging reduction over the longer term. Performance during Q3 and for the YTD is below the target set for the year.
- The number of Road Traffic Collision Incidents for Q3 is 33% lower than the previous quarter and is currently showing green for YTD.
- There was one Road Traffic Collision (RTC) Fatal Casualty encountered during Q3. The number of RTC Non-Fatal Casualties rescued during the quarter is 40% lower than the previous quarter, and is currently showing green against the headline YTD figure.
- The YTD figure of Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals (UFAS) caused by automatic fire alarms (AFAs) in non-domestic buildings has seen a 9% reduction against the 3-year average for the same period. This target remains green against the headline target, with an encouraging long term, continuing downward trend.
- The number of Deliberate Primary Fires in Q3 has seen an encouraging 37% reduction on the previous quarter, however the overall YTD figure is above the headline target and is currently showing red.
- The number of Deliberate Secondary Fires attended during Q3 has seen an increase of 65% from the previous quarter. The YTD figure however is down slightly against the 3year average, with the headline target currently showing amber for the year. The continued efforts to proactively address deliberate fire setting throughout Dundee City continues to highlight the benefits of a targeted multi-agency approach. This clearly has a positive impact on reducing fire related anti-social behaviour incidents, with a focused strategy of continually improving this picture.

PRIORITY 1 - IMPROVING FIRE SAFETY IN THE HOME

<u>HI 1 – Accidental Dwelling Fires (ADF)</u>



Table 1: Year to Date (April to December) Performance

	17/18	18/19	19/20	20/21	YTD	Annual Target
HI 1: ADF's	145	139	127	142	Green	Below 177

HI 2 - ADF Fatal Casualties & HI 3 - ADF Non-Fatal Casualties



Table 2: Year to Date (September to December) Performance

	17/18	18/19	19/20	20/21	YTD	Annual Target
HI 2: ADF Fatal Casualties	0	0	0	2	Red	0
HI 3: ADF Non-Fatal Casualties	24	22	23	13	Green	Below 30

Indicator Description

The largest single type of primary fire in Dundee is accidental fires in the home, and their prevention is a key focus of the Service's Community Safety activities.

HI 1 – Accidental Dwelling Fires (ADF)

As a headline target, the aim is to reduce the rate of ADF's by keeping these incidents below 177, during 2020/21. 25% of ADFs during Q3 occurred within tenement buildings in Dundee, with 37% of these attributed to cooking related incidents within the home. Further analysis of human factors during fire investigation indicate distraction of the occupant(s) whilst cooking as the main causal characteristic of these fires occurring.

HI 2 – ADF Fatal Casualties

This indicator concentrates on members of the community for whom fire has been clearly identified as the cause of death, even if they die some-time after the actual fire. Those who die at, or after, the fire but where fire is not identified as the cause of death, are not included within these figures.

As a headline target, the optimum aim is to always strive to have zero ADF Fatal Casualties in Dundee City.

HI 3 – ADF Non-Fatal Casualties

This headline target counts all types of non-fatal fire injury in the home, including precautionary checks. As a headline target, the aim is to reduce the risk of injury from fire in the home by keeping fire injuries below 30, during 2020/21.

What we aim to Achieve

As well as helping to deliver Priority One: *Improving Fire Safety in the Home*, meeting the headline targets will also support the long-term ambition of the City Plan for Dundee and supports achievement of the following local outcomes:

- Our people will be better educated and skilled within a city renowned for learning and culture;
- Our children will be safe, healthy, achieving, nurtured, active, respected, responsible and included;
- People in Dundee will be able to live independently and access support when they need it;
- Our communities will be safe and feel safe

Performance Management

The total number of ADF's for the YTD of 2020/21 stands at 142, and is 4% higher when compared to last year's Q3 figures. The YTD figure is currently below the headline target and therefore showing green for achieving the HI 1 annual target.

There were 2 ADF Non-Fatal Casualties during Q3, which is a significant decrease of 77% from the same quarter last year. The total number of ADF Non-Fatal Casualties however for the YTD currently stands at 13, which is a very encouraging 43% below the HI 3 annual target set.

The community safety engagement section of Appendix One details a wide range of community safety engagement programmes conducted during Q3, in support of achieving the targets. This included completing 383 Home Fire Safety Visits, of which 243 were targeted at high risk individuals, and 97 targeted at medium risk individuals.

PRIORITY 2 – IMPROVING FIRE SAFETY AND RESILIENCE IN THE BUSINESS COMMUNITY

HI 4 – Non-Domestic Building Fires



Table 3: Year to Date (April to December) Performance

	17/18	18/19	19/20	20/21	YTD	Annual Target
HI 4: Non-Domestic Building Fires	25	34	29	32	Red	Below 37

<u>HI 5 – Fatal Fire Casualties in Non-Domestic Buildings & HI 6 – Non-Fatal Fire</u> Casualties in Non-Domestic Buildings



Table 4: Year to Date (April to December) Performance

	17/18	18/19	19/20	20/21	YTD	Annual Target
HI 5: Fatal Fire Casualties	0	0	0	0	Green	0
HI 6: Non-Fatal Fire Casualties	1	2	0	0	Green	1

Indicator Description

These headline indicators and targets cover the types of non-domestic buildings applicable to Part 3 of the Fire (Scotland) Act 2005 ('The Act') (e.g. care homes, hotels and hospitals) and is designed to reflect the effectiveness of fire safety management in respect of these types of buildings.

HI 4 - Non-Domestic Building Fires Applicable to the Act

As a headline target, the aim is to reduce the rate of accidental fires in non-domestic buildings (where 'The Act' applies), by keeping these fires below 37 in Dundee during 2020/21.

HI 5 - Fatal Fire Casualties in Non-Domestic Building Fires Applicable to the Act

This indicator counts those people for whom fire has been clearly identified as the cause of death, even if they die some time after the actual fire. Those who die at, or after, the fire but where fire is not identified as the cause of death are not included in these figures. As a headline target, the aim is to have zero Fatal Fire Casualties in non-domestic buildings applicable to the Act, in Dundee during 2020/21.

HI 6 - Non-fatal Fire Casualties in Non-Domestic Building Fires Applicable to the Act

This headline target counts all types of non-fatal fire injury in non-domestic buildings, including precautionary checks. As a headline target, the aim is to reduce risk of injury from fire in non-domestic buildings, by keeping fire injuries at 1 in Dundee during 2020/21.

What we aim to Achieve

As well as helping to deliver Priority Two: *Improving Fire Safety and Resilience in the Business Community*, meeting the headline targets will also support the long-term ambition of the City Plan for Dundee and supports achievement of the following local outcomes:

Dundee will be an internationally recognised city at the heart of a vibrant region with more and better employment opportunities for people

Our communities will be safe and feel safe

Our people will live in strong, popular and attractive communities

Performance Management

There were 9 incidents in non-domestic buildings during Q3, the majority were relatively minor in nature involving minimum firefighting intervention. The total number of fires for the year to date of 2020/21 stands at 32, and is currently showing red for exceeding the YTD HI 4 annual headline target for the year.

There were zero Non-Domestic Fatal Casualties during Q3. We are therefore showing green for achieving the HI 5 annual target.

There were no Non-Domestic Non-Fatal Casualties during Q3, and the total number of for the YTD figure stands at Zero. HI 6 headline annual target is therefore showing green.

Our Fire Safety Enforcement Officers continue to audit relevant premises that fall within the scope of the Fire (Scotland) Act 2005 to ensure compliance with their statutory responsibilities. In total, 150 Fire Safety Audits have been completed YTD, with a total of 50 premises specifically during Q3. The target set for the year is 366 fire safety audits. As a result of the ongoing Covid-19 restrictions, arrangements have been put in place to conduct remote fire safety audits as appropriate remotely, and in-line with Covid-19 safety guidelines.

PRIORITY 3 – MINIMISING THE IMPACT OF UNINTENTIONAL HARM



HI 7 – Road Traffic Collision (RTC) Incidents

Table 5: Year to Date (April to December) Performance

	17/18	18/19	19/20	20/21	YTD	Annual Target
HI 7: RTC Incidents	26	30	37	25	Green	Below 42

HI 8 – Fatal RTC Casualties & HI 9 – Non-Fatal RTC Casualties



Table 6: Year to Date (April to December) Performance

	17/18	18/19	19/20	20/21	YTD	Annual Target
HI 8: Fatal RTC Casualties	0	0	0	1	Red	0
HI 9: Non-Fatal RTC Casualties	8	13	16	7	Green	Below 19

Indicator Description

The SFRS has become increasingly involved in more non-fire related prevention work, in support of its role in promoting the wider safety and well-being of its communities, including minimising the impact of unintentional harm. The headline indicators and targets reflect the fact that most of non-fire related casualties attended by the SFRS in Dundee are at RTC Incidents.

HI 7 - RTC Incidents

As a headline target, the aim is to reduce the rate of RTC incidents, by keeping them below 42 during 2020/21.

HI 8 - Fatal RTC Casualties

As a headline target, the aim is to reduce the risk of death from RTC's in Dundee, by keeping the number of fatal RTC casualties at Zero during 2020/21.

HI 9 - Non-fatal RTC Casualties

As a headline target, the aim is to reduce the risk of injury from RTC's in Dundee, by keeping non-fatal RTC casualties below 19 during 2020/21.

What we aim to Achieve

As well as helping to deliver Priority Three: *Minimising the Impact of Unintentional Harm*, meeting the headline targets will also support the long-term ambition of the City Plan for Dundee and supports achievement of the following local outcomes:

- Our people will be better educated and skilled within a city renowned for learning and culture
- Our children will be safe, healthy, achieving, nurtured, active, respected, responsible and included
- People in Dundee will be able to live independently and access support when they need it
- Our communities will be safe and feel safe

Performance Management

SFRS attended 10 RTC Incidents during Q3. This is a decrease of 33% from the previous quarter. At two of these incidents, firefighters were required to use specialist hydraulic rescue equipment to rescue casualties who were physically trapped within the vehicle and requiring medical attention. At the remaining 8 incidents, firefighters were utilised to release the persons without the use of specialist rescue equipment, providing medical assistance where necessary, and make the scene/ vehicles safe. The total number of RTC Incidents we attended for the year to date for 2020/21 stands at 25, and is currently showing as green for meeting the HI 7 headline target.

Of the 10 RTC Incidents we attended, there was one fatal casualty encountered. The total number of Fatal RTC Casualties for the year to date stands at 1, so we are showing red for exceeding the HI 8 zero annual target. Of the 10 Incidents we attended, there were 9 Non-Fatal RTC Casualties. The total number of Non-Fatal RTC Casualties for the YTD stands at 7, which is a 40% reduction on the previous quarter, we are currently showing green for achieving the HI 9 annual target.

PRIORITY 4 – REDUCING UNWANTED FIRE ALARM SYSTEMS



HI10 – Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals (UFAS)

Table 7: Year to Date (April to December) Performance

	17/18	18/19	19/20	20/21	YTD	Annual Target
HI 10: UFAS Incidents	978	974	900	703	Green	1175

Indicator Description

Automatic Fire Alarms (AFA) are fundamental to providing early warning from fire, giving people the chance to evacuate safely. However, to be effective, they must be properly installed and maintained, and a good fire safety management regime must be in place by the duty holder, so they do not activate when there is no fire.

Every Unwanted Fire Alarm Signal from an AFA has an impact in terms of unnecessary blue light journeys, redirecting SFRS resources away from other activities such as community safety work and causing considerable disruption to businesses.

HI 10 – Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals (UFAS)

As a headline target, the aim is to improve fire safety management and awareness, by reducing the number of attendances to unwanted fire alarm signals (UFAS) from automatic systems in non-domestic buildings to less than 1175 during 2020/21.

What we aim to Achieve

As well as helping to deliver Priority Four: *Reducing Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals*, meeting the headline targets will also support the long-term ambition of the City Plan for Dundee and supports achievement of the following local outcomes:

- Dundee will be an internationally recognised city at the heart of a vibrant region with more and better employment opportunities for people;
- Our people will be better educated and skilled within a city renowned for learning and culture;
- Our children will be safe, healthy, achieving, nurtured, active, respected, responsible and included;
- Our communities will be safe and feel safe.

Performance Management

During Q3, we were called out to 286 UFAS. This is 9% lower than the three-year average for the YTD. The total number of UFAS stands at 703 so we are now currently showing green for achieving the HI 10 annual target. There has also been an encouraging 22% reduction for YTD figures from the previous year.

The table below lists the top six property types that had persistent call-outs due to UFAS during quarter four.

Property Types	No. of UFAS
Student Residences	64
Hospitals/Medical Care	47
Education – Secondary Schools	23
Education - Infant/Primary Schools	17
Offices/Call Centres	11
Residential - Hotels	11

Our operational crews continued to investigate the cause of every UFAS event and engaged with the duty holder when in attendance at these call-outs. Every UFAS call-out was utilised as an opportunity to educate the duty holder about the impact UFAS has on their businesses and the Service as a whole. UFAS incidents create a number of unnecessary blue-light journeys, placing our firefighters and communities at risk, and tying up resources that may be needed at a real emergency elsewhere. To reduce the impact of UFAS, we have introduced a process, that will ensure our weight and speed of response to UFAS incidents is based on risk.

PRIORITY 5 – REDUCING DELIBERATE FIRES

<u>HI 11 – Deliberate Primary Fires</u>



Table 8: Year to Date (April to December) Performance

	17/18	18/19	19/20	20/21	YTD	Annual Target
HI 11: Deliberate Primary Fires	57	58	40	57	Red	Below 63

HI 12 – Deliberate Secondary Fires



Table 9: Year to Date (April to December) Performance

	17/18	18/19	19/20	20/21	YTD	Annual Target
HI 12: Deliberate Secondary Fires	575	422	313	399	Amber	Below 527

Indicator Description

These headline and indicators targets account for all types of fire that are believed to have been started intentionally, and are categorised as Deliberate Primary Fires and Deliberate Secondary Fires.

HI 11 – Deliberate Primary Fires

These deliberate fires cover the following types:

- Fires in the home
- Fires in non-domestic buildings
- Fires in motor vehicles

As a headline target, the aim is to reduce the rate of deliberate primary fires in Dundee by keeping these fires below 63 during 2020/21.

HI 12 – Deliberate Secondary Fires

These deliberate fires cover most of outdoor fires including grassland and refuse fires and include fires in derelict buildings, but not chimney fires. As a headline target, the aim is to reduce the rate of deliberate secondary fires in Dundee by keeping these fires below 527 during 2020/21.

What we aim to Achieve

As well as helping to deliver Priority Five: *Reducing Deliberate Fires*, meeting the headline targets will also support the long-term ambition of the City Plan for Dundee and supports achievement of the following local outcomes:

- Dundee will be an internationally recognised city at the heart of a vibrant region with more and better employment opportunities for people
- Our children will be safe, healthy, achieving, nurtured, active, respected, responsible and included
- Our communities will be safe and feel safe
- Our people will live in strong, popular and attractive communities

Performance Management

There were 14 Deliberate Primary Fires reported during Q3, which is an encouraging 37% reduction in comparison to the previous quarter. These incidents included a number of vehicle fires and a mixture of non-residential and dwelling fires in Dundee. Prevention work is ongoing to address deliberate fire setting. The total number of deliberate primary fires we attended for the YTD stands at 57, and is therefore showing red for exceeding the HI 11 annual target. There were 163 Deliberate Secondary Fires reported during Q3, which is 36% below the three-year average for that quarter. The total number of deliberate secondary fires we attended for the YTD currently stands at 399, and as a result we are showing amber against the HI 12 annual target.

Intelligence relating to deliberate fires is shared with our partners during multi-agency tasking and co-ordinating meetings, and is also discussed at the fire related anti-social behaviour group. Innovative partnership working initiatives have resulted in an overall 31% downward trend in deliberate secondary fires over the last three years, and the associated anti-social behaviour that is often attributed to these types of incidents.

PRIORITY 6 – EFFECTIVE RISK MANAGEMENT AND OPERATIONAL PREPAREDNESS

Description

Risk Management and operational preparedness is a key area of work for the SFRS. In Dundee, this means:

- Knowing what the risks are in Dundee and then making plans, so we are resilient to respond to any event.
- Being prepared to respond to national threats or major emergencies.
- Developing flexibility to deploy crews, to take on a broadening role within the community.
- Firefighters being equipped to deal with emergencies safely and effectively and our stations being in a constant state of readiness.

What we aim to Achieve

As well as helping to deliver Priority Six: *Effective Risk Management and Operational Preparedness*, our activities will also support the long-term ambition of the City Plan for Dundee and supports achievement of the following local outcomes:

- Dundee will be an internationally recognised city at the heart of a vibrant region with more and better employment opportunities for people
- Our communities will be safe and feel safe
- Our people will live in strong, popular and attractive communities

Activity

During Q3 we delivered our quarterly training commitment to operational firefighters with a focus on the core skills of Breathing Apparatus, Extrication and Casualty Care as well as ensuring training/testing preparedness to deal with the following standard/advanced modules for incidents involving the following subject areas;

- Road Traffic Collisions
- Acts of Terrorism/Civil Disturbances
- Sewer Rescue

During Q3, firefighters visited a range of sites to gather operational intelligence and review our response plans. Operational crews continually focus on raising their awareness of new and existing associated risks and hazards at these local sites, and take necessary and effective action to constantly improve pre-planning arrangements for dealing with local risks. These visits include premises such as Hospitals, Care Homes, High Rise Buildings, Forth Ports Dundee, Education and Student Accommodation, Industrial, and Large Shopping Centres. In particular, local firefighters engaged with schools prior to bonfire night, and student talks were delivered at residences to reduce automatic fire alarm (AFA) activations.

Senior Commanders attended planning meetings and workshops to identify the SFRS resources that would be required to support a multi-agency approach to reducing anti-social behaviour related incidents in the run up to bonfire night. A Business Continuity Exercise was conducted during Q3 to robustly test our operational preparedness in the event of a local fire station being taken out of action due to a severe weather event.

APPENDIX 1: COMMUNITY SAFETY ENGAGEMENT PROGRAMMES

Deliberate Fire Reduction

Dundee Community Action Team (CAT) were proactive in the lead up to Bonfire night with an identified area of focus at Lothian Crescent/Whitfield Drive, where numerous deliberate fires were being set. Working in partnership with Dundee City Council, Community Safety Wardens and Police Scotland, a meeting was held to discuss the issues. A plan was formulated, working with Police Scotland utilising IT systems that were set up for schools during lockdown to pass out safety messages regarding deliberate set fires. The benefits of this partnership working initiative have seen a significant and positive reduction in fire related incidents in this area of Dundee.

The SFRS Local Authority Liaison Officer (LALO) for Dundee liaised with our partners within Police Scotland following further incidents in the Kirkton area, prior to the 5th November. Dundee CAT were involved in liaising with Police Scotland and Dundee City Council through the Fire Related Anti-Social Behaviour Group (FRASB), and identified large areas of combustible materials being stored for bonfires, which were removed by Dundee City Council staff.

Dundee CAT also liaised with Dundee City Council Children and Family Services, to ensure that all pupils throughout the city received the beneficial annual bonfire safety talk, via globe systems introduced during Covid-19 lockdown restrictions.

SFRS LALO for Dundee City attends a Multi-Agency Tasking and Co-ordination Group on a weekly basis to discuss anti-social behaviour and anti-social fire related incidents with action taken by partner groups to reduce their impact on the communities.

Improving Fire Safety in the Home

Dundee CAT receive Home Fire Safety Visit (HFSV) referrals from Partner Agencies such as Dundee City Council Social Work teams throughout the city on a regular basis, and have conducted joint HFSVs to high risk individuals with Social Work, Community Mental Health Nurses, Dementia Carers and Occupational Therapists. The provision of fire retardant bedding, throws, mats and additional fitted smoke/heat detectors to domestic properties are some of the fire safety provision and equipment that have been provided following HFSVs being carried out and minimise further risk identified.

Throughout December 2020, Dundee CAT were proactive in working with Foodbanks, Dundee City Council Community Officers, sheltered housing and project workers in delivering Fire Safety Advice leaflets. The leaflets were also provided to Dundee United Football Club and Dundee Football Club Community Trusts as part of a joint initiative between SFRS and Scottish Professional Football League, within the annual Festive Friends Initiative, where Christmas Hampers were delivered to communities within the city.

Dundee CAT Community Safety Advocates also actively participated in on-line video calls with Dementia Support Workers, and Young Mum's support workers to provide Fire Safety advice.